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SEP 15 2005 IN THE UNITED STATES PATENT AND TRADEMARK OFFICE BEFORE THE BOARD OF PATENT APPEALS AND INTERFERENCES

ATTY. DOCKET NO.:

2123

AUS920000227US1

IN RE APPLICATION OF:

§ §

WOLFGANG ROESNER ET AL.

§ EXAMINER:

ART UNIT:

THOMAS H. STEVENS

SERIAL NO.:

09/751.803

§ §

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FILED:

DECEMBER 29, 2000

§

For:

SIGNAL OVERRIDE FOR

SIMULATION MODELS

8 §

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§ APPEAL BRIEF UNDER 37 C.F.R. 1.192

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Sir:

This Appeal Brief is submitted in support of an Appeal of the Examiner's final rejection of claims 1, 2, 4-6, 8-10, and 12-15. A Notice of Appeal in this case was filed and received by the patent office on July 15, 2005. Please charge the fee of \$500.00 due under 37 C.F.R. § 1.17(c), as well as any additional required fees, to IBM Deposit Account No. 09-0447.

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REAL PARTY IN INTEREST

The real party in interest in the present Application is International Business Machines Corporation, the Assignee of the present application as evidenced by the Assignment set forth at reel 011427, frame 0638 et. seq. of the USPTO assignment records.

RELATED APPEALS AND INTERFERENCES

There are no other appeals or interferences known to Appellant, the Appellant's legal representative, or assignee, which directly affect or would be directly affected by or have a bearing on the Board's decision in the pending appeal.

STATUS OF CLAIMS

Claims 1, 2, 4-6, 8-10, and 12-15 stand finally rejected by the Examiner, as noted in the final Office Action dated March 14, 2005. The rejection of Claims 1, 2, 4-6, 8-10, and 12-15 is appealed.

STATUS OF AMENDMENTS

Appellant's Amendment A filed on September 7, 2004 was entered by the Examiner as indicated in the final Office Action. No amendment to the claims was proposed or entered subsequent to the Final Rejection dated March 14, 2005.

SUMMARY OF THE CLAIMED SUBJECT MATTER

Appellant's invention may be implemented as a method, system, or a computer program product operable in a computer-aided design and verification system for replaceably overriding a simulated signal originating from a hardware description language (HDL) simulation model. The manner in which this override is implemented leverages the use of non-conventional comment syntax to maintain independence between instrumentation entities and design entities. To this end, independent Claims 1, 5, and 9 recite a method, system, and computer program product for facilitating a signal override in an HDL simulation model in a manner that prevents the instrumentation entity that generates the replacement override signal, from being compiled by the HDL compiler into the digital circuit logic being tested.

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As explained in Appellants' Background and on page 91, lines 4-17, overriding signals, in the sense of replacing an original signal with another signal or a processed variation of itself, is particularly useful during simulation testing of HDL models. Important to Appellants' proposed method and system for providing such simulation testing signal override capacity is the nature and function of "instrumentation entities." As explained in the figures, and particularly with reference to FIGS. 4B-4D and 13A-13D, Appellants' proposed invention is directed to leveraging comment syntax such that the HDL compiler can distinguish between "design entities" (i.e. HDL entities included in the digital circuit or system that is the object of simulation testing) and "instrumentation entities" (i.e. HDL entities utilized to perform facilitate the testing of the entities incorporated in the digital circuit design).

Specifically, Appellant's Claim 1 provides a method for "facilitating signal override in a simulation model of a digital circuit design that includes one or more design entities described utilizing a hardware description language (HDL)," comprising "instantiating an instrumentation entity within at least one of said one or more design entities using port mapping fields designated by a non-conventional HDL comment syntax, said non-conventional HDL comment syntax processed by a post-compiler instrumentation load tool to instantiate said instrumentation entity during a post-compile model build process, wherein said non-conventional HDL comment syntax is recognized by an HDL compiler such that the HDL compiler does not instantiate said instrumentation entity into the digital circuit design" (see specification page 16, line 34 - page 17, line 16 (referring to FIG. 3A), generally describing a design entity 300 as a basic building block in an HDL circuit design model; page 28, lines 19 through page 29 line 3, generally describing "instrumentation entities"; page 31, line 24 - page 32, line 17, with reference to FIG. 4B describing an instrumentation entity FXUCHK 410 and 411 instantiated within hierarchically instantiated design entities FXU 321a and 321b; page 34, line 13 - page 35, line 17, describing input port mapping fields 453 having specialized comment syntax (--!!) pre-pended thereto (FIG. 4B); page 41, line 13 - page 43, line 15, describing, with reference to FIG. 4D, the process by which instrumentation load tool 464 instantiates instrumentation entities FPUCHK and FXUCHK (instance data structures 482 shown in FIG. 4E) into simulation model 480 following model compilation by HDL compiler 462; page 41, lines 1-11, with reference to FIG. 4D explaining that HDL compiler 462 recognizes instrumentation comment syntax such that

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HDL compiler 462 does not instantiate (i.e. generate instance data structures) the instrumentation into the actual design.

Continuing with Claim 1, the signal override capability is enabled by the aforementioned port mapping fields which themselves comprise:

"an input port mapping field containing data representing an input port at which said instrumentation entity receives a designated signal to be overridden;" (see see specification page 94, lines 7 - page 95, line 2, with reference to FIG. 13C, describing an HDL source code file 1340 in which an input port map comment 1360 connects a signal input 1320 to an instrumentation entity 1306); and

"an output port mapping field comprising an override signal field specifying the name of said override signal, a port name field specifying the name of the port from which said override signal is output from said instrumentation entity, and a target signal field specifying the name of said designated signal to be overridden" (see specification page 95, lines 10 - 25, referring to FIG. 13C, describing output declaration comments 1361 having the representative data field form: -!! < name >: out port => target signal [ctrl port], where name specifies the name associated with the specific override signal, out port specifies the name of the output port providing the override value, and target signal specifies the name of the signal to be overridden).

The invention recited in Claim 5 provides a system for "facilitating signal override in a simulation model of a digital circuit design that includes one or more design entities described utilizing a hardware description language (HDL)," comprising "processing means for instantiating an instrumentation entity within at least one of said one or more design entities using port mapping fields designated by a non-conventional HDL comment syntax, said nonconventional HDL comment syntax processed by a post-compiler instrumentation load tool to instantiate said instrumentation entity during a post-compile model build process, wherein said non-conventional HDL comment syntax is recognized by an HDL compiler such that the HDL compiler does not instantiate said instrumentation entity into the digital circuit design" (see specification page 16, line 34 - page 17, line 16 (referring to FIG. 3A), generally describing a design entity 300 as a basic building block in an HDL circuit design model; page 28, lines 19 through page 29 line 3, generally describing "instrumentation entities"; page 31, line 24 - page 32, line 17, with reference to FIG. 4B describing an instrumentation entity FXUCHK 410 and

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411 instantiated within hierarchically instantiated design entities FXU 321a and 321b; page 34, line 13 - page 35, line 17, describing input port mapping fields 453 having specialized comment syntax (--!!) pre-pended thereto (FIG. 4B); page 41, line 13 - page 43, line 15, describing, with reference to FIG. 4D, the process by which instrumentation load tool 464 instantiates instrumentation entities FPUCHK and FXUCHK (instance data structures 482 shown in FIG. 4E) into simulation model 480 following model compilation by HDL compiler 462; page 41, lines 1-11, with reference to FIG. 4D explaining that HDL compiler 462 recognizes instrumentation comment syntax such that HDL compiler 462 does not instantiate (i.e. generate instance data structures) the instrumentation into the actual design.

Continuing with Claim 5, the signal override capability is enabled by the aforementioned port mapping fields which themselves comprise:

"an input port mapping field containing data representing an input port at which said instrumentation entity receives a designated signal to be overridden;" (see see specification page 94, lines 7 - page 95, line 2, with reference to FIG. 13C, describing an HDL source code file 1340 in which an input port map comment 1360 connects a signal input 1320 to an instrumentation entity 1306); and

"an output port mapping field comprising an override signal field specifying the name of said override signal, a port name field specifying the name of the port from which said override signal is output from said instrumentation entity, and a target signal field specifying the name of said designated signal to be overridden' (see specification page 95, lines 10-25, referring to FIG. 13C, describing output declaration comments 1361 having the representative data field form: -!! <name> : out_port => target_signal [ctrl_port], where name specifies the name associated with the specific override signal, out_port specifies the name of the output port providing the override value, and target signal specifies the name of the signal to be overridden).

The invention recited in Claim 9 provides a computer program product for "facilitating signal override in a simulation model of a digital circuit design that includes one or more design entities described utilizing a hardware description language (HDL)," comprising "processing means for instantiating an instrumentation entity within at least one of said one or more design entities using port mapping fields designated by a non-conventional HDL comment syntax, said non-conventional HDL comment syntax processed by a post-compiler instrumentation load tool

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to instantiate said instrumentation entity during a post-compile model build process, wherein said non-conventional HDL comment syntax is recognized by an HDL compiler such that the HDL compiler does not instantiate said instrumentation entity into the digital circuit design" (see specification page 16, line 34 - page 17, line 16 (referring to FIG. 3A), generally describing a design entity 300 as a basic building block in an HDL circuit design model; page 28, lines 19 through page 29 line 3, generally describing "instrumentation entities"; page 31, line 24 - page 32, line 17, with reference to FIG. 4B describing an instrumentation entity FXUCHK 410 and 411 instantiated within hierarchically instantiated design entities FXU 321a and 321b; page 34, line 13 - page 35, line 17, describing input port mapping fields 453 having specialized comment syntax (--!!) pre-pended thereto (FIG. 4B); page 41, line 13 - page 43, line 15, describing, with reference to FIG. 4D, the process by which instrumentation load tool 464 instantiates instrumentation entities FPUCHK and FXUCHK (instance data structures 482 shown in FIG. 4E) into simulation model 480 following model compilation by HDL compiler 462; page 41, lines 1-11, with reference to FIG. 4D explaining that HDL compiler 462 recognizes instrumentation comment syntax such that HDL compiler 462 does not instantiate (i.e. generate instance data structures) the instrumentation into the actual design.

Continuing with Claim 9, the signal override capability is enabled by the aforementioned port mapping fields which themselves comprise:

"an input port mapping field containing data representing an input port at which said instrumentation entity receives a designated signal to be overridden;" (see see specification page 94, lines 7 - page 95, line 2, with reference to FIG. 13C, describing an HDL source code file 1340 in which an input port map comment 1360 connects a signal input 1320 to an instrumentation entity 1306); and

"an output port mapping field comprising an override signal field specifying the name of said override signal, a port name field specifying the name of the port from which said override signal is output from said instrumentation entity, and a target signal field specifying the name of said designated signal to be overridden" (see specification page 95, lines 10-25, referring to FIG. 13C, describing output declaration comments 1361 having the representative data field form: -!! <name> : out port => target signal [ctrl port], where name specifies the name associated with the specific override signal, out port specifies the name of the output port

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providing the override value, and target_signal specifies the name of the signal to be overridden).

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GROUNDS OF REJECTION TO BE REVIEWED ON APPEAL

The rejection of Claims 1, 2, 4-6, 8-10, and 12-15 under 35 U.S.C. §103(a) as being unpatentable over U.S. Pat. No. 5,805792, issued to Swaboda et al. (hereinafter Swaboda) in view of U.S. Pat. No. 5,937,190, issued to Gregory et al. (hereinafter Gregory) is to be reviewed on Appeal.

ARGUMENT

The rejection of Claims 1, 5, and 9 under 35 U.S.C. §103(a) as being unpatentable over Swaboda and Gregory is not well founded and should be reversed.

A. The combination of Swaboda and Gregory does not disclose each claimed feature of Claims 1, 5, and 9

Regarding independent Claim 1, representative also of independent Claims 5 and 9, the combination of Swaboda and Gregory fail to disclose or suggest a method for facilitating signal override in an HDL simulation model environment that includes, "instantiating an instrumentation entity within at least one of said one or more design entities using port mapping fields designated by a non-conventional HDL comment syntax, said non-conventional HDL comment syntax processed by a post-compiler instrumentation load tool to instantiate said instrumentation entity during a post-compile model build process, wherein said non-conventional HDL comment syntax is recognized by an HDL compiler such that the HDL compiler does not instantiate said instrumentation entity into the digital circuit design..."

On page 4, the final Office Action incorrectly asserts that at col. 34, lines 48-57, referencing FIG. 31, Gregory discloses instantiating an instrumentation entity within at least one of said one or more design entities using port mapping fields designated by a non-conventional HDL comment syntax. Instead, FIG. 31 and col. 34 illustrate and describe a technique in an HDL simulation environment by which a specialized "Synopsys probe_statement" is used to preserve, in logic, a designated portion of unsynthesized HDL lines after synthesis (see col. 34, lines 9-17 with reference to FIG. 31). Gregory's "comments" are therefore used to label regions of HDL for preservation after synthesis and are not used to instantiate an instrumentation entity or any other kind of HDL entity.

With continued reference to the grounds for rejecting Claim 1, Appellants disagree with the assertion on page 4 of the final Office Action that post-compiler processing of nonconventional HDL comments is disclosed by Gregory at col. 5, line 57 - col. 6, line 36. In fact,

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this passage explains various aspects of the model synthesis process including pre-code designer specified constraints, writing HDL step and intermediate data structure processing, and does not appear related to post-compile instrumentation of a model.

In further regard to the grounds for rejecting Claim 1, page 5 of the Office Action incorrectly asserts that Swaboda discloses that the port mapping fields further include, in part, "an output port mapping field comprising an override signal field specifying the name of said override signal (Swaboda column 26, lines 13-20), a port name field specifying the name of the port from which said override signal is output from said instrumentation entity, and a target signal field specifying the name of said designated signal to be overridden." Col. 26, lines 13-20 explains:

The AND gate 1543 has two inputs connected to SWINPROG and nclksel. In this way, LOCK register 1351 bits override any other signals when the bits call for locking the domain (test clock JCLK only). However, if register 1351 unlocks any one or more domains (calling for functional clock FCLK to each such domain), each such domain can be locked internally by either the delayed locking MSB output of SRL 1455 or a conjunction of switch in program SWINPROG and clock select nelksel high.

Nowhere in this passage or elsewhere does the combination of Gregory and Swaboda disclose port mapping having an output port mapping field comprising an override signal field, a port name field, and a target signal field as recited above.

B. There is no motivation or suggestion in Swaboda and/or Gregory to combine the HDL simulation techniques and systems described by Gregory with the non-HDL environment disclosed by Swaboda

Appellants disagree with the contention on page 4 of the final Office Action that at the time of the invention it would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art to modify Gregory by way of Swaboda since it would be advantageous to annotate specific function within the model to aid in the debugging process. Appellants contend that it is manifestly apparent that Swaboda is not properly combinable with Gregory for the purpose of supporting the rejection of Similar to Appellants' proposed Claim 1, also representing independent Claims 5 and 9. invention, the architecture and methods disclosed by Gregory relate entirely to computer-aided circuit analysis environment such as those utilizing HDLs. In such computer-aided simulation environments, simulation programming languages such as HDLs are utilized to generate "circuits" which are really compiled simulation logic. In stark contrast, Swaboda utilizes actual

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circuits for simulation purposes (see abstract and throughout the specification) and is therefore clearly incompatible with *Gregory* at least with respect to providing signal port mapping and override functionality.

B. The rejection of Claims 2, 4, 6, 8, 10, and 12-15 under 35 U.S.C. §103(a) as being unpatentable over *Gregory* and *Swaboda* is not well founded and should be reversed.

Appellants do not concede than the present combination of *Gregory* and *Swaboda* actually teaches or suggests any of the features of these dependent claims; however, these claims are directly or indirectly dependent on the independent claims 1, 5, and 9 which, as contended above by Appellants, have been incorrectly rejected under the references. By extension, the rejections of claims 2, 4, 6, 8, 10, and 12-15 are not well founded and should be reversed.

CONCLUSION

Appellant has pointed out with specificity the manifest error in the Examiner's rejections, and the claim language that renders the invention patentable over the combinations of references. Appellant, therefore, respectfully requests that this case be remanded to the Examiner with instructions to issue a Notice of Allowance for all pending claims.

Respectfully submitted,

Matthew W. Baca

Reg. No. 42,277

DILLON & YUDELL LLP

8911 N. Capital of Texas Highway

Suite 2110

Austin, Texas 78759

512-343-6116

ATTORNEY FOR APPELLANTS

APPENDIX

1. In a computer-aided design and verification system, a method for facilitating signal override in a simulation model of a digital circuit design that includes one or more design entities described utilizing a hardware description language (HDL), said method comprising:

instantiating an instrumentation entity within at least one of said one or more design entities using port mapping fields designated by a non-conventional HDL comment syntax, said non-conventional HDL comment syntax processed by a post-compiler instrumentation load tool to instantiate said instrumentation entity during a post-compile model build process, wherein said non-conventional HDL comment syntax is recognized by an HDL compiler such that the HDL compiler does not instantiate said instrumentation entity into the digital circuit design, said port mapping fields further including:

an input port mapping field containing data representing an input port at which said instrumentation entity receives a designated signal to be overridden; and

an output port mapping field comprising an override signal field specifying the name of said override signal, a port name field specifying the name of the port from which said override signal is output from said instrumentation entity, and a target signal field specifying the name of said designated signal to be overridden.

- 2. The method of claim 13, wherein said output port mapping field further comprises a control port field specifying an output port for delivering an override enable signal to said signal selection means.
- (Cancelled)
- 4. The method of claim 2, further comprising:

instantiating a latch within said simulation model, wherein said latch stores an override disable bit; and

combining said override disable bit with said override enable signal within a logic gate to produce a combined selection signal that determines whether or not said signal selection means overrides said designated signal with said override signal.

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In a computer-aided design and verification system, a system for facilitating signal 5. override in a simulation model of a digital circuit design that includes one or more design entities described utilizing a hardware description language (HDL), said system comprising:

processing means for instantiating an instrumentation entity within at least one of said one or more design entities using port mapping fields designated by a non-conventional HDL comment syntax, said non-conventional HDL comment syntax processed by a post-compiler instrumentation load tool to instantiate said instrumentation entity during a post-compile model build process, wherein said non-conventional HDL comment syntax is recognized by an HDL compiler such that the HDL compiler does not instantiate said instrumentation entity into the digital circuit design, said port mapping fields further including:

an input port mapping field containing data representing an input port at which said instrumentation entity receives a designated signal to be overridden; and

an output port mapping field comprising an override signal field specifying the name of said override signal, a port name field specifying the name of the port from which said override signal is output from said instrumentation entity, and a target signal field specifying the name of said designated signal to be overridden.

- The system of claim 14, wherein said output port mapping field further comprises a 6. control port specifying an output port for delivering an override enable signal to said signal selection means.
- 7. (Cancelled)
- 8. The system of claim 6, further comprising:

processing means for instantiating a latch within said simulation model, wherein said latch stores an override disable bit; and

processing means for combining said override disable bit with said override enable signal within a logic gate to produce a combined selection signal that determines whether or not said signal selection means overrides said designated signal with said override signal.

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9. In a computer-aided design and verification system, a computer program product for facilitating signal override in a simulation model of a digital circuit design that includes one or more design entities described utilizing a hardware description language (HDL), said computer program product including computer-executable instructions for performing a method comprising:

instantiating an instrumentation entity within at least one of said one or more design entities using port mapping fields designated by a non-conventional HDL comment syntax, said non-conventional HDL comment syntax processed by a post-compiler instrumentation load tool to instantiate said instrumentation entity during a post-compile model build process, wherein said non-conventional HDL comment syntax is recognized by an HDL compiler such that the HDL compiler does not instantiate said instrumentation entity into the digital circuit design, said port mapping fields further including:

an input port mapping field containing data representing an input port at which said instrumentation entity receives a designated signal to be overridden; and

an output port mapping field comprising an override signal field specifying the name of said override signal, a port name field specifying the name of the port from which said override signal is output from said instrumentation entity, and a target signal field specifying the name of said designated signal to be overridden.

- The computer program product of claim 15, wherein said output port mapping field 10. further comprises a control port field specifying an output port for delivering an override enable signal to said signal selection means.
- 11. (Cancelled)

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The computer program product of claim 10, wherein said method further comprises: instantiating a latch within said simulation model, wherein said latch stores an override disable bit; and

combining said override disable bit with said override enable signal within a logic gate to produce a combined selection signal that determines whether or not said signal selection means overrides said designated signal with said override signal.

- The method of claim 1, further comprising generating signal selection means within said 13. simulation model for selectively overriding said designated signal with said override signal responsive to said post-compiler instrumentation load tool processing said port mapping fields.
- The system of claim 5, further comprising processing means for generating signal 14. selection means within said simulation model for selectively overriding said designated signal with said override signal responsive to said post-compiler instrumentation load tool processing said port mapping fields.
- The computer program product of claim 9, wherein said method further comprises 15. generating signal selection means within said simulation model for selectively overriding said designated signal with said override signal responsive to said post-compiler instrumentation load tool processing said port mapping fields.